

M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

Bark-Mark Boundary Purple

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PRODUCT NAME: Bark-Mark Boundary Purple
PRODUCT CODE: N-7320

HMIS CODES: H F R P
2 2 0 G

===== SECTION I - MANUFACTURER IDENTIFICATION =====

MANUFACTURER'S NAME: NCP Coatings, Inc.
ADDRESS : P.O. Box 307
225 Fort Street
Niles, MI 49120

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-424-9300

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INFORMATION PHONE: 1-269-683-3377

NAME OF PREPARER : NCP Technical Staff

===== SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION =====

REPORTABLE COMPONENTS	CAS NUMBER	VAPOR PRESSURE mm Hg @ TEMP	WEIGHT PERCENT
Calcium Carbonate OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 Total Dust ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 Total Dust	1317-65-3	NE NE	45-50%
Mineral Spirits OSHA PEL 100 PPM TWA ACGIH TLV 100 PPM TWA	8052-41-3	<2.25 68F	10-15%
Titanium Dioxide OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 TWA Total Dust ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 Total Dust	13463-67-7	NE NE	11.46
Light Aromatic Petroleum distillates OSHA PEL 100 PPM TWA ACGIH TLV 100 PPM TWA	64742-95-6	4 68F	1-5%
* 1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene OSHA PEL 25 PPM TWA ACGIH TLV 25 PPM TWA	95-63-6	NE NE	1.56
Crystalline Silica OSHA PEL 10 mg/m3 Total Dust ACGIH TLV 0.025 mg/m3 Respirable Dust	14808-60-7	NE NE	.15
* Cobalt Carboxylate Mixture OSHA PEL 0.1 mg/m3 ACGIH TLV NE	27253-31-2	NE NE	.09
Ethyl Benzene OSHA PEL 100 PPM TWA ACGIH TLV 100 PPM TWA	100-41-4	7 68F	.07

* Indicates toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.

Warning: Detectable amounts of a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm may be present in this product.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: Yes IARC MONOGRAPHS: Yes
OSHA REGULATED: No

No information available

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing on the TSCA inventory.

===== SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS =====

BOILING RANGE: 277F - 336F SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1.58
VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air. EVAPORATION RATE: SLOWER THAN ETHER
COATING V.O.C.: 2.25
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Slight.
APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Liquid and odor of solvents.

===== SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA =====

Flash Point : 102°F(39°C) METHOD USED: SETAFLASH
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: 0.8 UPPER: 13.3

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
Dry chemical, foam, or CO2.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus, with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure mode, and full protective clothing. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent an increase in pressure and a possible autoignition or explosion of the container contents when exposed to extreme heat.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat, sparks, electrical equipment, and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

===== SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA =====

STABILITY:

This material has been found to be stable under reasonable conditions of storage and use.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Keep away from heat, flame and other potential ignition sources.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID)

Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS

By fire: carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

===== SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA =====

INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

High concentrations may lead to central nervous system effects (drowsiness, nausea, headaches, and loss of consciousness and even death). Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause liver and kidney damage.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Eye contact: Severe irritation, tearing, redness and blurred vision.

SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

May be absorbed through the skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause irritation or skin sensitization.

INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts may be harmful.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC)

Keep container closed and upright when not in use.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Skin, Respiratory System, Central Nervous System

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Eye Contact: Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with cool, clean, low pressure water for at least 15 minutes while occasionally lifting and lowering eyelids. Seek medical attention if excessive tearing, irritation or pain persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing. Flush affected area with large amounts of water. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. Seek medical attention if tissue appears damaged or pain or irritation persists.

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. If victim is not breathing, administer

artificial respiration. Seek medical attention immediately.
Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting is about to occur, place victim's head below knees. If victim is drowsy or unconscious, place on the left side with head down. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention immediately.

===== **SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE** =====

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Eliminate all sources of ignition. Provide good ventilation and minimize the breathing of vapors and avoid skin contact. Dike spill area and absorb the spilled liquid with earth, sawdust or a commercially available absorbent. Shovel spent absorbent into recovery or salvage drums for appropriate disposal.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Dispose material in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Avoid storage in high temperature areas or near fire or open flame. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid rough handling.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty. Do not weld or flame cut on empty containers. Shock from dropping may rupture container.

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

===== **SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES** =====

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Wear an appropriate (Type TC-23C-49) properly fitted half-mask or a full facepiece NIOSH approved cartridge respirator during and after coating application unless air monitoring demonstrates vapor/mist levels are below the permissible limits. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for use.

VENTILATION

Sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern should be provided to keep the air concentration below current applicable OSHA PEL's or ACGIH TLV's. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product. For baking finishes, vent vapors emitted during the curing process.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear chemical resistant (Nitrile or Viton) gloves to prevent skin contact.

EYE PROTECTION

Use chemical goggles, safety glasses, or a face shield.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

Use impermeable aprons and protective clothing whenever possible to prevent skin contact. The use of head caps is strongly recommended.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using restroom.

===== SECTION IX - DISCLAIMER =====

The foregoing data has been compiled from sources which the company, in good faith, believes to be dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, the company cannot make any warranty or representation respecting the accuracy or completeness of the data and assumes no responsibility for any liability or damages relating thereto or for advising you regarding the protection of your employees, customers, or others. User should consult OSHA and other applicable safety laws and regulations before use.